U.S. Patent Application No.: 10/662,345

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended): A method of performing interactive clinical trials for

testing a new drug for cancer related studies, resulting in clinical trial designs, the method

comprising:

a) performing a pre-clinical phase in which a computer model for

pharmacodynamics of a drug is determined;

b) <u>based on data obtained obtaining data for the pharmacodynamics of the drug of</u>

(a) from in vitro studies of the effect of the drug in animal cells, and optionally, in vivo studies in

animals, and obtaining data for the pharmacokinetics of the drug of (a) is determined based on

data obtained from in vivo studies in animals;

bc) performing a phase I clinical trial in which a clinical trial on at least a single dose

of the drug of (a) is administered to at least one human, and the phase I clinical trial is performed

in parallel by performing computer simulations using the computer model constructed in step (a);

ed) adjusting the computer model based on comparison of the results of the clinical

trial and computer simulations using the computer model, wherein the at least a single dose of

step (bc) is incrementally increased in at least one dose escalation steps;

calculating the dose escalation step by the computer simulations performed using

the computer model in step (ed) to obtain a maximal tolerated dose, minimum effective dose, and

a recommended dose;

de)

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ef) checking the drug for cumulative effects after administration and providing this information to the computer model;

- fg) performing multiple simulations using the computer model with different doses and dosing intervals for different indications and patient populations;
- gh) determining, based on step (fg) simulations results, an optimal regimen for the most responsive patient populations and clinical indications for a phase II clinical trial;
- <u>hi</u>) performing at least one phase II clinical trial where a number of small scale clinical trials are performed in parallel in order to test the optimal treatment regimen from step (<u>gh</u>) for different pairs of clinical indications and patient populations;
- ij) performing at least one phase III clinical trial for step (gh) chosen clinical indications by step (i) chosen regimens; and
- <u>jk</u>) performing at least one phase IV clinical trial for post-marketing subpopulation analysis and long term product safety assessment.
- 2. (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein in step (bc), computer simulations of the model are performed prior to the phase I clinical trial, to predict results of the phase I clinical trial, and the predicted results are compared to the phase I clinical trial results and the computer model is adjusted based on the comparison.
- 3. (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein a first decision whether to continue the phase II clinical trial is made prior to step (hi), stopping the trial if an adverse decision is made.

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4. (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein results of step (gh) are used to define clinical indications and define sub-groups of patients most sensitive, susceptible

and responsive to the drug.

5. (previously presented): The method of claim 4, wherein an effective treatment

regimen is defined for a subset of the subgroups.

6. (previously presented): The method of claim 1, wherein the computer model is

adjusted based on whether the clinical trial indicates a result higher than a threshold in at least

one of pre-clinical, phase I and phase II trials.

7. (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein in step $(\frac{hi}{2})$, the small

clinical trials are performed in parallel for a chosen clinical indication by a chosen treatment

regimen.

8. (currently amended): The method of claim 3, wherein in step (ii), the most

promising trials are chosen for clinical indications most sensitive to the drug administered via the

most efficient regimen.

9. (currently amended): The method of claim 8, wherein in step (ii), a second

decision whether to continue the phase III clinical trial is made, stopping the trial if an adverse

decision is made.

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10. (withdrawn): The method of claim 9, wherein the second decision is based on a prediction of safety profile of the new drug in the most promising trial compared with safety of

pre-existing therapies.

11. (previously presented): The method of claim 9, wherein the decision is based on

a prediction of efficacy profile of the drug in the most promising trial compared with efficacy of

pre-existing therapies.

12. (withdrawn - currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein step (jk) is

performed to prove safety of the drug.

13. (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein step (ik) is performed to

prove efficacy of the drug.

14. (currently amended): The method of claim 1, when hitherto unknown effects

are discovered in step ($\frac{ik}{k}$), the computer model is adjusted to obtain predictions for new

regimens, patient populations and clinical indications.

15. (currently amended): A method of performing interactive clinical trials for a

new drug for cancer related studies, resulting in clinical trial designs, the method comprising a

step of obtaining data from performing a pre-clinical phase in which a computer model for

pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics is created and adjusted based on data-obtained from in

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vitro studies and optionally *in vivo* studies in animals, wherein the computer model is an in silico patient that is adjusted according to the results of the pre-clinical trials.

16. (currently amended): A method of performing interactive clinical trials for a new drug for cancer related studies, resulting in clinical trial designs, the method comprising a step of <u>obtaining data from performing</u> a phase I clinical trial wherein a dose-escalation is performed in parallel with simulated computer predictions, and wherein the simulated computer predictions are compared with clinical results and the comparison is used to adjust the computer model, wherein the computer model is an in silico patient that is adjusted according to the results of the clinical trials.

- 17. (currently amended): A method of performing interactive clinical trials for a new drug for cancer related studies, resulting in clinical trial designs, the method comprising:

 obtaining data to developing a strategy for a phase I clinical trial wherein the phase I clinical trial is performed in parallel with simulated computer predictions, and wherein the simulated computer predictions comprise using a computer model that is an in silico patient that is adjusted according to the results of the clinical trials.
- 18. (currently amended): A method of performing interactive clinical trials for a new drug for cancer related studies, resulting in clinical trial designs, the method comprising a step of <u>obtaining data from performing a phase II clinical trial</u> wherein at least one clinical trial is performed in parallel with simulations performed using a computer model, resulting in prediction of one or more trial outcomes,

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wherein the prediction of one or more trial outcomes is compared with clinical results from the phase II clinical trials and the comparison is used to adjust the computer model, wherein the computer model is an in silico patient that is adjusted according to the results of the clinical trials.

19. (currently amended): A method of performing interactive clinical trials for a new drug for cancer related studies; resulting in clinical trial designs, the method comprising a step of <u>obtaining data from performing a phase III clinical trial in parallel with simulations performed using a computer model that predicts a better treatment for the design of further clinical trials, resulting in prediction of one or more trial outcomes,</u>

wherein the prediction is compared with clinical results from the phase III clinical trials and the comparison is used to adjust the computer model, wherein the computer model is an in silico patient that is adjusted according to the results of the clinical trials.

20. (currently amended): A method of performing interactive clinical trials for a new drug for cancer related studies, resulting in clinical trial designs, the method comprising a step of <u>obtaining data from performing a phase IV clinical trial in parallel with simulations</u> performed using a computer model that predicts post-marketing efficacy of a drug, and long term drug safety assessment, resulting in prediction of one or more trial outcomes,

wherein the prediction is compared with clinical results from the phase IV clinical trials and the comparison is used to adjust the computer model, wherein the computer model is an in silico patient that is adjusted according to the results of the clinical trials.

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21. (previously presented): The method of Claim 15, wherein the computer model adjusted according to the results of the pre-clinical trials is used in the design of further preclinical trials.